	CHAPTER 11.1—11.2, 11.7: Cell Cycle Control/Cancer
1. List th	e four essential steps of any form of cell division.
a	•
b	•
С	•
d	
	e key differences between prokaryotes and eukaryotes that make these two s different.
	is a list of the phases of the cell cycle. Write a brief description of what occurs in each
phase.	is a list of the phases of the cell cycle. Write a brief description of what occurs in each . G_1
phase. a	
phase. a b	
phase. a b c	. G ₁
phase. a b c d	. G ₁
phase. a b c d e	. G ₁

Name: _____

Question Set 25

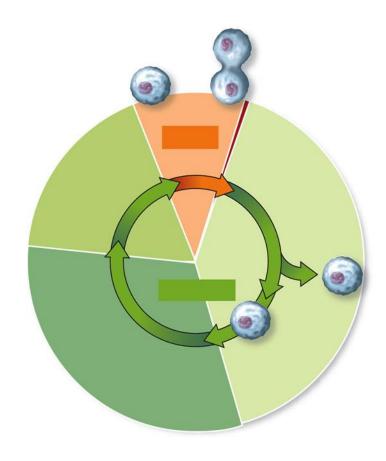
5. What is meant by the concept that cells go through a cell cycle?

6. Do all cells go through the cell cycle at the same rate or at the same frequency? Explain.

7. What is meant by the G_0 phase.

8. What is the significance of cells that are permanently in G_0 phase?

9. Label the diagram of the cell cycle. Indicate on the diagram where certain checkpoints are.



Name: Ques	tion Set 25
10. What is the G ₁ /S checkpoint and where does it fit into the cell cycle?	
11. What cell conditions are being monitored at the G ₁ /S checkpoint?	
12. What is the G ₂ /M checkpoint and where does it fit into the cell cycle?	
13. What cell conditions are being monitored at the G ₂ /M checkpoint?	
14. Why is the regulation of the cell cycle critical to normal function in the multicellula organism?	ar
15. For each of the following, takes notes about what type of molecule they are and to in the cell cycle. a. Cdk's	
b. cyclins	
c. growth factors	

Name:	Question Set 25
16. What is the relationship between cancer and mitosis?	
17. What is the difference between a benign and malignant tumor?	
18. What is the role of the p53 gene?	
19. What are tumor suppressor genes?	